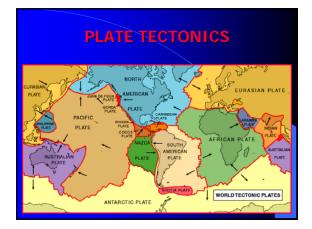




MAJOR GEOGRAPHIC QUALITIES

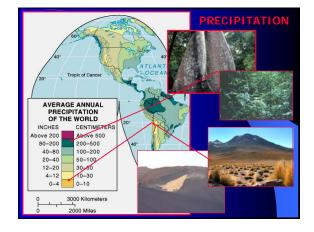
- <u>PHYSIOGRAPHY</u> IS DOMINATED BY THE ANDES MOUNTAINS S AND THE AMAZON BASIN.
- <u>POPULATION</u> IS CONCENTRATED ALONG THE PERIPHERY.
- <u>CULTURAL PLURALISM</u> EXISTS IN MOST COUNTRIES AND IS EXPRESSED REGIONALLY.
- REGIONAL ECONOMIC INTERACTION HAS BEEN MINIMAL IN THE PAST.

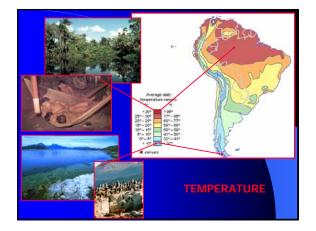


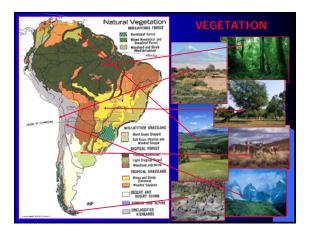
SOUTH AMERICA: CONTINENT OF EXTREMES

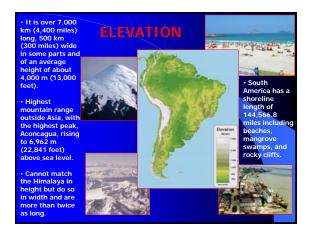
- PRECIPITATION
- TEMPERATURE
 VEGETATION
- ELEVATION
- INCOME
- POPULATION













- A HOLLOW CONTINENT
- PHYSIOGRAPHIC
- BARRIERS
- NON-COMPLEMENTARY ECONOMIES
- LACK OF DEVELOPED INDIVIDUAL
- TOWARDS EUROPE AND THE US NOT TOWARDS EACH OTHER
- 78% URBANIZED CONTINENT-WIDE IN SOUTH AMERICA





MOST IMPRESSIVE.

STATE

A HIGHLY CENTRALIZED

Pachacuti-Inca-Yupanqui – 9th ruler the Inca Empire

2













The Huaorani

The Huaorani people are a people shrouded in mystery. They speak a language unrelated to any other (in fact it has yet to be even classified). Additionally, their pottery designs do not resemble those of their past or present neighbors. It is only known through their own folklore that they migrated from "down river" a long time ago, "fleeing the cannibals."





They revere the jaguar and call themselves, Huaorani which means "human beings" or "the people," and refer to everyone else as cowode or "non-humans." Up until four decades ago the Huaorani still used stone axes and maintained a thoroughly traditional hunter

and gather lifestyle in their extremely isolated and monkey-rich rainforest haven.

> Hunting for monkeys with a tradition blowgun and poisonous darts



However, in the 1950's all of this

changed. First the missionaries came. Then concomitant with the global

demand for oil came the demand to find new oil reserves, and as fate has it the world's 1,200 Huaorani live right on top of one of Ecuador's biggest oil deposits. Since this discovery, the Huaorani have been forced to deal with the encroachment of oil



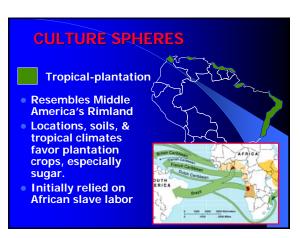
companies and cowode on the land they have called home for at least a millennia. However, like indigenous people all over the world who learn that they have natural resources other nations want, they are forced by those who make the rules to adapt as best they can to changing realities. One Huaorani clan, the Tagaeri, has moved deeper in the forest to shun all contact with the outside world. Other Huaorani communities have

adopted ecotourism as a way to maintain control over their land, culture and resources.

Huarani family in their hammack



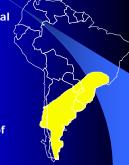




CULTURE SPHERES

European-commercial

- The most "Latin" part of South America
- Includes the Pampas temperate grasslands
- Economically most advanced
- Transportation networks and quality of life are excellent.



CULTURE SPHERES Amerind-subsistence Correlates with the former Inca Empire Feudal socioeconomic structure persists Includes some of South America's poorest areas Subsistence agriculture

- CULTURE SPHERES
- Mestizo-transitional
- Surrounds the Amerindiansubsistence region
- A zone of mixtureculturally & agriculturally
- Transitional economic connotations



CULTURE SPHERES

Undifferentiated

must contend with difficult environmental

challenges.

- Characteristics are difficult to classify.
- Sparsely populated
 Isolation and lack of change- notable features
- Development of Amazonia may prompt significant changes.

BARRIERS TO INTEGRATION • A HOLLOW CONTINENT

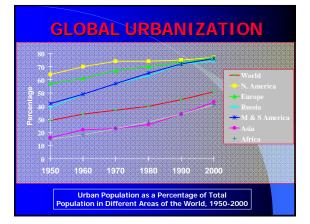
- WHY? • PHYSIOGRAPHIC
- BARRIERS
- NON-COMPLEMENTARY
 ECONOMIES
- LACK OF DEVELOPED
- INDIVIDUAL COUNTRIES ORIENTED TOWARDS EUROPE AND THE US – NOT TOWARDS EACH OTHER





URBANIZATION

- THE MOVEMENT TO AND CLUSTERING OF PEOPLE IN TOWNS AND CITIES
- THE PERCENTAGE OF A COUNTRY'S POPULATION LIVING IN CITIES
- 78% CONTINENT-WIDE IN SOUTH AMERICA
- SOUTH AMERICA'S INCREASE BASED ON RATE OF "NATURAL INCREASE" AND INTERNAL MIGRATION







BRAZIL

- CONTAINS HALF THE CONTINENT'S LAND
 AND PEOPLE
- A FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF 26 STATES
- ETHNIC DIVERSITY MIXTURE OF EUROPEAN, AFRICAN, AND AMERINDIAN
- PEOPLES
 PORTUGUESE SPEAKING & ROMAN
 CATHOLIC ADHERENTS
- SUBSTANTIAL MINERAL RESOURCES: IRON, ALUMINUM ORE, MANGANESE, OIL, AND GAS

A Two Class System?

 GNP per capita-\$4,630
 Largest income gap in the realm
 Wealthiest 10% of the

- population... ≻own 2/3 of the land
- control over 50% of the country's wealth
- Poverty has increased by 50% since 1980

BRAZIL

GREAT CITIES

- <u>RIO DE JANEIRO</u> –
- **CULTURAL FOCUS**
- > SAO PAULO INDUSTRIAL > BRASILIA - A "FORWARD
- CAPITAL"
- **DEVELOPING THE AMAZON** > "GROWTH POLE" CONCEPT
 - > ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS



FORWARD CAPITAL

- CAPITAL CITY POSITIONED IN A CONTESTED OR POTENTIALLY CONTESTED TERRITORY
- USUALLY NEAR AN INTERNATIONAL BORDER
- CONFIRMS THE STATE'S DETERMINATION TO MAINTAIN ITS PRESENCE IN THE TERRITORY UNDER CONTENTION
- > ST PETERSBURG, RUSSIA
- > ISLAMABAD, PAKISTAN
- > BRASILIA, BRAZIL (INTERNAL FRONTIER "GROWTH POLE
 - CONCEPT")



GROWTH POLE THEORY

- AIMS TO PROMOTE GROWTH IN THE HINTERLANDS
- AUGMENTED BY INVESTMENT SUPPORT IN AN ATTEMPT TO SPREAD ECONOMIC **ACTIVITIES AND BENEFITS**
 - CREATE JOBS IN DEPRESSED AREAS
 - REDUCE UNEVEN CONCENTRATIONS OF WEALTH
 - DECENTRALIZE INDUSTRY
- SETS OFF "RIPPLES" OF DEVELOPMENT

THE NORTH (CARIBBEAN SOUTH AMERICA)

- VENEZUELA, COLOMBIA, GUYANA, SURINAME, FRENCH GUIANA
- REGIONAL CHARACTER: COASTAL LOCATIONS, EARLY EUROPEAN PLANTATION DEVELOPMENT, FORCED MIGRATION OF BLACK LABORERS
- VENEZUELA 25.2 MILLION PEOPLE > OIL FROM LAKE MARACAIBO IS CHIEF RESOURCE > CARACUS & VALENCIA - KEY CITIES

CARIBBEAN SOUTH AMERICA

COLOMBIA - 41.6 MILLION PEOPLE > COFFEE, OIL & COAL - MAJOR

- **EXPORTS**
- > COCAINE LEADING ECONOMIC ACTIVITY
- > TORN BY INTERNAL VIOLENCE
- BOGOTA & MEDELLIN KEY CITIES
- THE GUIANAS (FRENCH GUIANA, **GUYANA, SURINAME**)
- **POPULATIONS< 1.5 MILLION**
- > ETHNICALLY DIVERSE
- > POVERTY STRICKEN
- FACE ENVIRONMENTAL CRISIS



THE WEST (ANDEAN SOUTH AMERICA)

- PERU, ECUADOR, BOLIVIA
- **REGIONAL CHARACTER: AMERINDIAN** POPULATIONS, SUBSISTENCE AGRICULTURE, MOUNTAINOUS **ENVIRONMENTS, POVERTY**
- PERU 28.3 MILLION PEOPLE
 - LIMA IS ITS PRIMATE CITY ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES - FISHING, IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE, SUGAR, COTTON, RICE, FRUIT, OIL, MINERALS (AN EMERGING ECONOMY!)

ANDEAN SOUTH AMERICA

- **ECUADOR 13.1 MILLION** PEOPLE
- > MAIN EXPORTS: OIL, COFFEE, CACAO, BANANAS > GUAYAQUIL - LARGEST CITY AND COMMERCIAL CENTER
- > QUITO CAPITAL AND **ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER**
- BOLIVIA 8.6 MILLION PEOPLE (DISPERSED)
- > LANDLOCKED
- MAIN EXPORTS: TIN AND ZINC







THE SOUTH (MID-LATITUDE SOUTH AMERICA)

- THE SOUTHERN CONE: ARGENTINA, CHILE, PARAGUAY, URUGUAY
- HEART OF EUROPEAN-COMMERCIAL **CULTURE SPHERE**
- ARGENTINA 37.8 MILLION PEOPLE > 90% URBANIZED, PERIPHERAL
 - BUENOS AIRES (12.9 MILLION) A CLASSIC **PRIMATE CITY**
 - EXPORTS: CEREALS, MEATS, VEGETABLE OILS

THE SOUTH: **MID-LATITUDE SOUTH AMERICA** URUGUAY - 3.3 MILLION > MONTEVIDEO - CLASSIC PRIMATE

- CITY
- MOST EUROPEAN OF SOUTH
- EXPORTS: HIDES, MEATS, TEXTILES
- PARAGUAY 5.8 MILLION
- > 95% MESTIZO
- > LANDLOCKED LOCATION
- CHILE- AN "ELONGATED STATE" > EXPORTS: COPPER AND NITRATES



- BRAZIL Children are treated affectionately, and kissing a child is preceded by inhaling (smelling).
 The attitude of the Father may be the most significant factor in breastfeeding.
 The finger sign for OK in the U.S. is a crude sexual invitation in Brazil.
 CHILE Many believe that a woman should have as many children as God gives her.
 COLOMBIA Illness may be caused by punishment from God for transgressions.
 The Father usually determines whether a pregnancy is terminated or not.
 PARAQUAY Close friends of both sexes may walk arm-inarm.